Product data sheet



MedKoo Cat#: 102233		
Name: Bazedoxifene acetate		
CAS#: 198481-33-3 (acetate)		0.
Chemical Formula: C ₃₂ H ₃₈ N ₂ O ₅		
Molecular Weight: 530.67		0
Product supplied as:	Powder	ОН
Purity (by HPLC):	≥ 98%	N N
Shipping conditions	Ambient temperature	HO HO
Storage conditions:	Powder: -20°C 3 years; 4°C 2 years.	\
	In solvent: -80°C 3 months; -20°C 2 weeks.	

1. Product description:

Bazedoxifene, also known as WAY-140424, is a third generation selective estrogen receptor modulator (SERM), developed by Pfizer following the completion of their takeover of Wyeth Pharmaceuticals. In late 2013, Pfizer received approval for bazedoxifene as part of the combination drug DUAVEE in the prevention (not treatment) of postmenopausal osteoporosis. Bazedoxifene is an indole-based ER ligand that binds to both ER α (IC50 = 26 nM) and ER β (IC50 = 99 nM).

2. CoA, QC data, SDS, and handling instruction

SDS and handling instruction, CoA with copies of QC data (NMR, HPLC and MS analytical spectra) can be downloaded from the product web page under "QC And Documents" section. Note: copies of analytical spectra may not be available if the product is being supplied by MedKoo partners. Whether the product was made by MedKoo or provided by its partners, the quality is 100% guaranteed.

3. Solubility data

Solvent	Max Conc. mg/mL	Max Conc. mM
DMF	50.0	94.22
DMF:PBS (pH 7.2) (1:20)	0.04	0.08
DMSO	66.77	125.82
Ethanol	13.54	25.51

4. Stock solution preparation table:

Concentration / Solvent Volume / Mass	1 mg	5 mg	10 mg
1 mM	1.88 mL	9.42 mL	18.84 mL
5 mM	0.38 mL	1.88 mL	3.77 mL
10 mM	0.19 mL	0.94 mL	1.88 mL
50 mM	0.04 mL	0.19 mL	0.38 mL

5. Molarity Calculator, Reconstitution Calculator, Dilution Calculator

Please refer the product web page under section of "Calculator"

6. Recommended literature which reported protocols for in vitro and in vivo study

In vitro study

1. Song W, Gao K, Huang P, Tang Z, Nie F, Jia S, Guo R. Bazedoxifene inhibits PDGF-BB induced VSMC phenotypic switch via regulating the autophagy level. Life Sci. 2020 Oct 15;259:118397. doi: 10.1016/j.lfs.2020.118397. Epub 2020 Sep 5. PMID: 32896557.

In vivo study

1. Luo P, Wang Y, Zhao C, Guo J, Shi W, Ma H, Liu T, Yan D, Huo S, Wang M, Li C, Lin J, Li S, Lv J, Zhang C, Lin L. Bazedoxifene exhibits anti-inflammation and anti-atherosclerotic effects via inhibition of IL-6/IL-6R/STAT3 signaling. Eur J Pharmacol. 2021 Feb 15;893:173822. doi: 10.1016/j.ejphar.2020.173822. Epub 2020 Dec 23. PMID: 33347820.

7. Bioactivity

Biological target: Bazedoxifene acetate is a selective estrogen receptor modulator (SERM) with IC50s of 23 nM and 99 nM for ER α and ER β , respectively.

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In vitro activity

The purpose of this study was to investigate the effects of Bazedoxifene on the functional changes of vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMCs) after PDGF-BB stimulation. PDGF-BB treatment significantly enhanced the viability and proliferation of VSMCs as indicated by CCK-8 and EdU assays (P < 0.01), while Bazedoxifene pretreatment could reduce the increased viability and proliferation of VSMCs caused by PDGF-BB (P < 0.05). Wound healing test also showed Bazedoxifene significantly attenuated the migration in the PDGF-BB stimulated VSMCs (P < 0.01). PDGF-BB also induced the phenotypic switch and decreased the autophagy level in VSMCs, manifested as a reduction in vimentin, SMA, and LC3 II (P < 0.01). These effects of PDGF-BB were partially reversed by Bazedoxifene (P < 0.05). These results indicated that Bazedoxifene may inhibit the proliferation and migration of VSMCs through up-regulate the autophagy level after PDGF-BB stimulation.

Reference: Life Sci. 2020 Oct 15;259:118397.

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0024320520311504?via%3Dihub

In vivo activity

The effect of Bazedoxifene in the progression of atherosclerosis was evaluated in apolipoprotein E-deficient (ApoE-/-) mice. Five-week-old male ApoE-/- mice were fed with High-fat diet (HFD) containing 5 mg/kg Bazedoxifene or a matching control for 12 weeks. Oil red O (ORO) staining was used to detect plaque size; immunohistochemical staining was used to detect the presence of endothelial cells, vascular muscle cells and phosphorylated STAT3 (P-STAT3) in localized plaques. The potential underlying mechanisms in human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) and vascular muscle cells (VSMCs) was detected by Western blot analysis, Wound healing assay and Elisa assay. In the ApoE-/- mice fed with HFD, daily Bazedoxifene administration effectively attenuated atherosclerotic plaque area (P < 0.01), down-regulated IL-6 levels (P < 0.01), decreased STAT3 phosphorylation, reduced VSMCs proliferation and increased endothelial coverage in aortic vessels. Bazedoxifene did not inhibit the growth of HUVECs while suppressing the proliferation of VSMCs.

Reference: Eur J Pharmacol. 2021 Feb 15;893:173822. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0014299920309274?via%3Dihub

Note: The information listed here was extracted from literature. MedKoo has not independently retested and confirmed the accuracy of these methods. Customer should use it just for a reference only.